

TRICERATOPS

A HORNED HERBIVORE OF THE LATE CRETACEOUS



LENGTH:
About
8–9 metres
(26–30 feet)
long.

HEIGHT:
About
3 metres tall.



LATE CRETACEOUS

Triceratops lived during the Late Cretaceous Period, about 68–66 million years ago.



WHERE IT LIVED

Fossils have been found in what is now western North America.



SIZE

About 8–9 metres (26–30 feet) long and about 3 metres tall.



DIET

A herbivore with a strong beak for cropping plants and rows of teeth for slicing tough vegetation.



AMAZING FACT

Triceratops had a large bony frill and three horns, which may have been used for defense and display.

Triceratops
(try-SERR-uh-tops)